



# **Cree® XLamp® XT Family LEDs**



#### **INTRODUCTION**

This application note applies to XLamp XT Family LEDs, which have order codes in the following fomat.

XTxxxx-xx-xxxxx

This application note explains how XLamp XT Family LEDs and assemblies containing these LEDs should be handled during manufacturing. Please read the entire document to understand how to properly handle XLamp XT Family LEDs.

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#### HANDLING XLAMP XT FAMILY LEDS

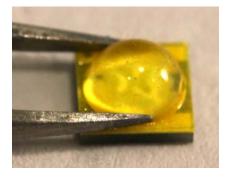
#### **Manual Handling**

Use tweezers to grab XLamp XT Family LEDs at the base. Do not touch the lens with the tweezers. Do not touch the lens with fingers. Do not push on the lens.

Do not apply more than 1000 g of shear force directly onto the lens. Excessive force on the lens could damage the LED.









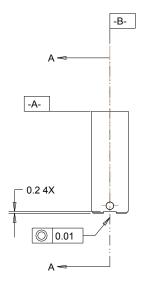
Cree recommends the following at all times when handling XLamp XT Family LEDs or assemblies containing these LEDs:

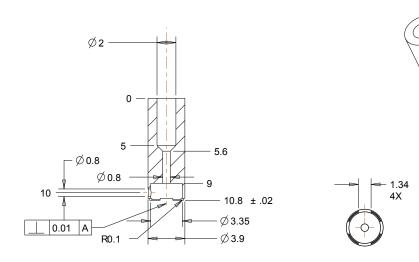
- Avoid putting mechanical stress on the LED lens.
- Never touch the optical surface with fingers or sharp objects. The LED lens surface could be soiled or damaged, which would affect the optical performance of the LED.



Whenever possible, Cree recommends the use of one of the following pick & place tools to remove XLamp XT Family LEDs from the factory tape & reel packaging.

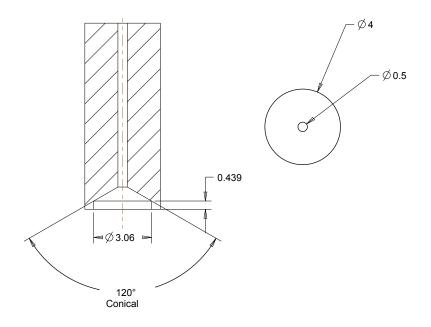
#### Pick & Place Nozzle #1





All dimensions in mm

## Pick & Place Nozzle #2

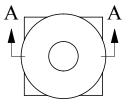


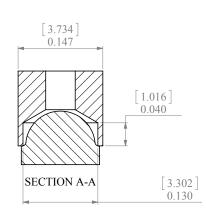


The following pick & place tool is specific to the XT Family LEDs The nozzle is implemented in urethane.

## Pick & Place Nozzle #3

All dimensions in mm







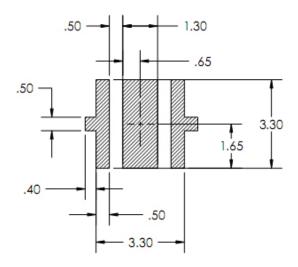


#### **CIRCUIT BOARD PREPARATION & LAYOUTS**

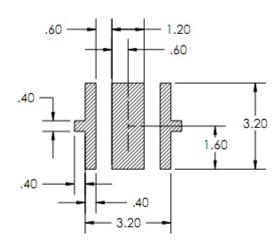
Printed circuit boards (PCBs) should be prepared and/or cleaned according to the manufacturer's specifications before placing or soldering XLamp XT Family LEDs onto the PCB.

The diagram below shows the recommended PCB solder pad layout for XLamp XT Family LEDs.

All dimensions in mm



Recommended PCB Solder Pad



Recommended Stencil Pattern (hatched area is opening)

# CASE TEMPERATURE (T<sub>s</sub>) MEASUREMENT POINT

XLamp XT Family LED case temperature  $(T_s)$  should be measured on the PCB surface, as close to the LED's thermal pad as possible. This measurement point is shown in the picture below.



It is not required to use a solder footprint for the thermal pad that is larger than the XLamp XT Family LED itself. In testing, Cree has found such a solder pad to have insignificant impact on the resulting T<sub>c</sub> measurement.



#### **NOTES ON SOLDERING XLAMP XT FAMILY LEDS**

XLamp XT Family LEDs are designed to be reflow soldered to a PCB. Reflow soldering may be done by a reflow oven or by placing the PCB on a hotplate and following the reflow soldering profile listed on the previous page.

Do not wave solder XLamp XT Family LEDs. Do not hand solder XLamp XT Family LEDs.











# **Solder Paste Type**

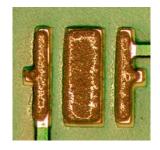
Cree strongly recommends using "no clean" solder paste with XLamp XT Family LEDs so that cleaning the PCB after reflow soldering is not required. Cree uses Kester r276 solder paste internally.<sup>1</sup>

Cree recommends the following solder paste compositions: SnAqCu (tin/silver/copper) and SnAq (tin/silver).

#### **Solder Paste Thickness**

The choice of solder and the application method will dictate the specific amount of solder. For the most consistent results, an automated dispensing system or a solder stencil printer is recommended. Cree has seen positive results using solder thickness that results in a 3-mil (75- $\mu$ m) bond line.









<sup>1</sup> kester.com/Portals/0/documents/Electronic-Assembly-Materials.pdf



#### **NOTES ON SOLDERING XLAMP XT FAMILY LEDS (CONTINUED)**

#### After Soldering

After soldering, allow XLamp XT Family LEDs to return to room temperature before subsequent handling. Premature handling of the device, especially around the lens, could result in damage to the LED.

Cree recommends verifying the solder process by checking the consistency of the solder bond of several trial PCBs after reflow. After shearing selected devices from the circuit board the solder should appear completely re-flown (no solder grains evident). The solder areas should show minimum evidence of voids on the backside of the package and the PCB.

#### **Cleaning PCBs After Soldering**

Cree recommends using "no clean" solder paste so that flux cleaning is not necessary after reflow soldering. If PCB cleaning is necessary, Cree recommends the use of isopropyl alcohol (IPA).

Do not use ultrasonic cleaning.

#### **MOISTURE SENSITIVITY**

In testing, Cree has found XLamp XT Family LEDs to have unlimited floor life in conditions  $\leq$ 30 °C / 85% relative humidity (RH). Moisture testing included a 168-hour soak at 85 °C / 85% RH followed by 3 reflow cycles, with visual and electrical inspections at each stage.

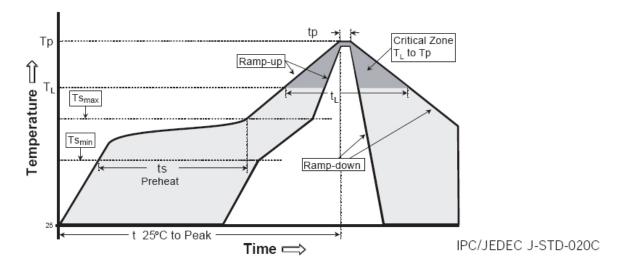
Cree recommends keeping XLamp LEDs in their sealed moisture-barrier packaging until immediately prior to use. Cree also recommends returning any unused LEDS to the resealable moisture-barrier bag and closing the bag immediately after use.



#### **XLAMP XT FAMILY LED REFLOW SOLDERING CHARACTERISTICS**

In testing, Cree has found XLamp XT Family LEDs to be compatible with JEDEC J-STD-020C, using the parameters listed below. As a general guideline, Cree recommends that users follow the recommended soldering profile provided by the manufacturer of solder paste used.

Note that this general guideline may not apply to all PCB designs and configurations of reflow soldering equipment.



| Profile Feature   | Lead-Based Solder | Lead-Free Solder |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Average Ramp-Up Rate (Ts <sub>max</sub> to Tp)          | 3°C/second max.   | 3°C/second max.  |
| Preheat: Temperature Min (Ts <sub>min</sub> )           | 100 °C            | 150 °C           |
| Preheat: Temperature Max (Ts <sub>max</sub> )           | 150 °C            | 200 °C           |
| Preheat: Time (ts <sub>min</sub> to ts <sub>max</sub> ) | 60-120 seconds    | 60-180 seconds   |
| Time Maintained Above: Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )    | 183 °C            | 217 °C           |
| Time Maintained Above: Time (t <sub>L</sub> )           | 60-150 seconds    | 60-150 seconds   |
| Peak/Classification Temperature (Tp)                    | 215 °C            | 260 °C           |
| Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature (tp)         | 10-30 seconds     | 20-40 seconds    |
| Ramp-Down Rate  | 6 °C/second max.  | 6 °C/second max. |
| Time 25 °C to Peak Temperature                          | 6 minutes max.    | 8 minutes max.   |

Note: All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.



#### **CHEMICALS & CONFORMAL COATINGS**

Below are representative lists of chemicals and materials to be used or avoided in LED manufacturing activities. For a complete and current list of recommended chemicals, conformal coatings and harmful chemicals consult Cree's Chemical Compatibility Application Note.<sup>2</sup> The video at www.youtube.com/watch?v=t24bf9D\_1SA illustrates the process Cree has developed for testing the compatibility of chemicals and materials with LEDs. You should also consult your regional Cree Field Applications Engineer.

# **Recommended Cleaning Solutions**

Cree has found the following chemicals to be safe to use with XT Family LEDs.

- Water
- Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)

#### **Chemicals Tested as Harmful**

In general, subject to the specifics in Cree's Chemical Compatibility Application Note, Cree has found certain chemicals to be harmful to XT Family LEDs. Cree recommends not using these chemicals anywhere in an LED system containing XLamp XT Family LEDs. The fumes from even small amounts of the chemicals may damage the LEDs.

- Chemicals that might outgas aromatic hydrocarbons (e.g., toluene, benzene, xylene)
- Methyl acetate or ethyl acetate (i.e., nail polish remover)
- Cyanoacrylates (i.e., "Superglue")
- Glycol ethers (including Radio Shack® Precision Electronics Cleaner dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether)
- Formaldehyde or butadiene (including Ashland PLIOBOND® adhesive)

<sup>2</sup> www.cree.com/products/pdf/XLamp\_Chemical\_Comp.pdf



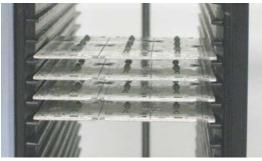
#### **ASSEMBLY STORAGE & HANDLING**

Do not stack PCBs or assemblies containing XLamp XT Family LEDs so that anything rests on the LED lens. Force applied to the LED lens may result in the lens being knocked off. PCBs or assemblies containing XLamp XT Family LEDs should be stacked in a way to allow at least 2 cm clearance above the LED lens.

Do not use bubble wrap directly on top of XLamp XT Family LEDs. Force from the bubble wrap can potentially damage the LED.

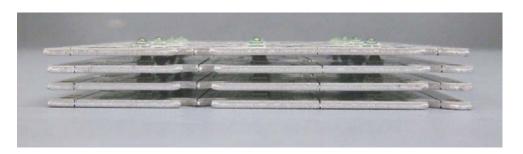










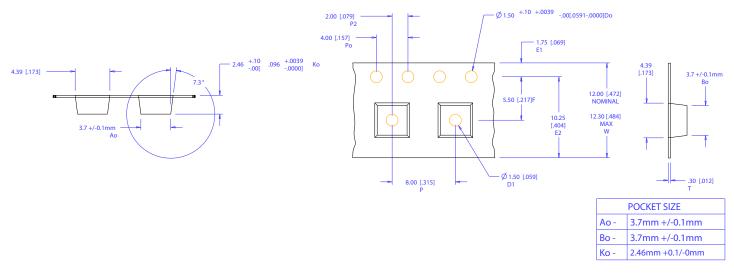


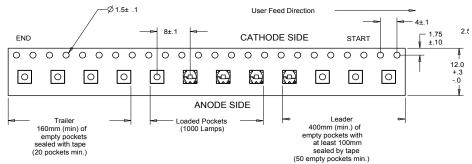


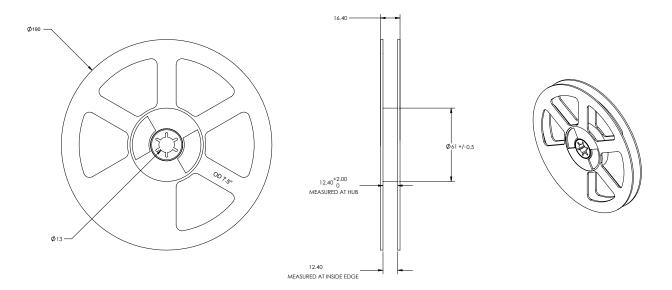
#### **TAPE AND REEL**

All Cree carrier tapes conform to EIA-481D, Automated Component Handling Systems Standard.

All dimensions in mm.









#### **PACKAGING & LABELS**

The diagrams below show the packaging and labels Cree uses to ship XLamp XT Family LEDs. XLamp XT Family LEDs are shipped in tape loaded on a reel. Each box contains only one reel in a moisture barrier bag.

# Label with Cree Bin Code, Qty, Reel ID

# **Packaged Reel**

